

D-3-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase from Microorganism

Product Information

Cat#	NATE-1714
Abbr	HBDH (Microorganism)
Similar	D-3-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase
Source	Microorganism
Description	In enzymology, a 3-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase (EC 1.1.1.30) is an enzyme that catalyzes the chemical reaction: (R)-3-hydroxybutanoate + NAD ⁺ ↔ acetoacetate + NADH + H ⁺ . Thus, the two substrates of this enzyme are (R)-3-hydroxybutanoate and NAD ⁺ , whereas its three products are acetoacetate, NADH, and H ⁺ . This enzyme belongs to the family of oxidoreductases, to be specific, those acting on the CH-OH group of donor with NAD ⁺ or NADP ⁺ as acceptor. This enzyme participates in synthesis and degradation of ketone bodies and butanoate metabolism.
Form	Yellowish powder, lyophilized
Enzyme Commission Number	EC 1.1.1.30
Activity	>300U/mg
CAS No.	9028-38-0
Molecular Weight	27.5 kDa (SDS-PAGE)
Isoelectric point	7.25
pH Stability	7.0~10.0 (25°C, 2 hr)
Michaelis Constant	2.1 ×10 ⁻³ M (D-3-Hydroxybutyrate)
Unit Definition	One unit converts one micromole of 3- Hydroxybutylate to acetoacetate per min at pH 8.5 at 37°C.
Optimum pH	8



Creative Enzymes

Diagnostic Enzymes

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Optimum temperature	6 °C
Thermal stability	< 37°C(pH 8.5, 30min)
Storage	Store at -20°C.
Inhibitors	Zn ²⁺ , Cu ²⁺ , Fe ³⁺
Synonyms	(R)-3-hydroxybutanoate: NAD ⁺ oxidoreductase; NAD ⁺ -beta-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase; hydroxybutyrate oxidoreductase; beta-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase; D-beta-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase; D-3-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase; D-(-)-3-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase; beta-hydroxybutyric acid dehydrogenase; 3-D-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase; beta-hydroxybutyric dehydrogenase; EC 1.1.1.30